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* SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

* 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name/designation	Isobutane
Art-Nr(n).	2322f, 0066, 70232
Substance name	isobutane
INDEX No.	601-004-00-0
EC No.	200-857-2
REACH No.	01-2119485395-27
CAS No.	75-28-5

* 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Sector of uses [SU]

SU3 Industrial uses

SU4 Manufacture of food products

SU5 Manufacture of textiles, leather, fur

SU6b Manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products

SU7 Printing and reproduction of recorded media

SU8 Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products)

SU9 Manufacture of fine chemicals

SU10 Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/or re-packaging (excluding alloys)

SU11 Manufacture of rubber products

SU12 Manufacture of plastics products, including compounding and conversion

SU13 Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products, e.g. plasters, cement

SU19 Building and construction work

SU21 Consumer uses: Private households (= general public = consumers)

SU22 Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

SU24 Scientific research and development

Process categories [PROC]

PROC1 Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions.

PROC2 Chemical production or refinery in closed continuous process with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions

PROC3 Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition

PROC4 Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises

PROC5 Mixing or blending in batch processes

PROC6 Calendering operations

PROC7 Industrial spraying

PROC8a Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non- dedicated facilities

PROC8b Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities

PROC9 Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

PROC10 Roller application or brushing

PROC11 Non industrial spraying

PROC12 Use of blowing agents in manufacture of foam

PROC13 Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring

PROC14 Tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation, granulation PROC15 Use as laboratory reagent

PROC16 Use of fuels

PROC17 Lubrication at high energy conditions in metal working operations

PROC18 General greasing /lubrication at high kinetic energy conditions PROC20 Use of functional fluids in small devices PROC21 Low energy manipulation and handling of substances bound in/on materials or articles

PROC24 High (mechanical) energy work-up of substances bound in /on materials and/or articles

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Environmental release estagarias (EPC)	
Environmental release categories [ERC] ERC1 Manufacture of the substance	
ERC2 Formulation into mixture	
ERC3 Formulation into solid matrix	
ERC4 Use of non-reactive processing aid at industrial site (no inclusion into or onto article)	
ERC5 Use at industrial site leading to inclusion into/onto article	
ERC6a Use of intermediate	
ERC6c Use of monomer in polymerisation processes at industrial site (inclusion or not into/onto article)	+: _ l _ \
ERCod Use of reactive process regulators in polymensation processes at industrial site (inclusion of not into/onto an	licie)
ERC/8 Widespreaduse of population and a moust an and a site	
ERC8c Widespread use leading to inclusion into/onto article (indoor)	
ERC8d Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, outdoor)	
ERC8e Widespread use of reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, outdoor)	
ERC8f Widespread use leading to inclusion into/onto article (outdoor)	
ERC9a Widespread use of functional fluid (indoor)	
ERC9b Widespread use of functional fluid (outdoor)	
ERC10a Widespread use of articles with low release (outdoor)	
ERCT la widespread use of articles with low release (indoor)	
Product Categories [PC]	
PC1 Adhesiveš, sealants	
PC3 Air care products	
PC4 Anti-Freeze and de-icing products	
PC8 Blocidal products	
PC9a Coalings and paints, finimers, paint removers	
PC9c Finder paints	
PC12 Fertilizers	
PC13 Fuels	
PC15 Non-metal-surface treatment products	
PC18 lnk and toners	
PC21 Laboratory chemicals	
PC23 Learner treatment products	
PC24 Lubications, greases, release products	
PC26 Paper and hoard treatment products	
PC27 Plant protection products	
PC28 Perfumes, fragrances	
PC29 Pharmaceuticals	
PC31 Polishes and wax blends	
PC32 Polymer preparations and company ounds	
PC34 Textile dyes, and impregnating products	
PC36 Water softeners	
PC37 Water treatment chemicals	
PC38 Welding and soldering products, flux products	
PC39 Cosmetics, personal care products	
3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet	

etails of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier GHC Gerling, Holz & Co. Handels GmbH Ruhrstraße 113 D-22761 Hamburg Telephone +49 40 853 123 0 E-mail hamburg@ghc.de Website www.ghc.com

Department responsible for information: GHC Gerling, Holz & Co. Handels GmbH Telephone +49 40 853 123 0

E-mail (competent person): msds@ghc.de

* 1.4 Emergency telephone number

EN: Poison Information Center Mainz +49 6131 19240

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* **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

* 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Flam. Gas 1A, H220

Press. Gas (Liq.), H280

Hazard statements for physical hazards H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

* 2.2 Label elements

* Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Danger

Hazard statements

H220 Extremely flammable gas. H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Precautionary statements P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P377 Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. P381 In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources. P403 Store in a well-ventilated place.

Classification procedure

Supplemental hazard information

EIGA0357 Asphyxiant in high concentrations. Please return container with residual pressure.

* 2.3 Other hazards

Adverse human health effects and symptoms

Gas/vapour heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level. The inhalation of gas / vapour in high concentrations may cause cardiac arrhythmia. Contact with liquid may cause cold burns/frostbite.

Other adverse effects

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance does not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria of REACH, Annex XIII.

SECTION 3: Composition / information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

isobutane
601-004-00-0
200-857-2
01-2119485395-27
75-28-5
ATE(): 520400 ppm

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Additional information Content: > 95 %

3.2 Mixtures

not applicable

* SECTION 4: First aid measures

* 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General information

Remove contaminated, saturated clothing immediately. Call a physician immediately. First aider: Pay attention to self-protection!

Following inhalation

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. In case of respiratory standstill give artificial respiration by respiratory bag (Ambu bag) or respirator. Obtain medical assistance.

Following skin contact In case of skin contact rinse with warm water. In case of frostbite, wash with plenty of water; do not remove clothing. In case of frostbite rinse with lukewarm (not hot) water for at least 15 minutes. Do not remove clothing frozen to the skin. Thaw with lukewarm water. Apply a sterile dressing. Obtain medical assistance.

After eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical assistance.

Following ingestion

Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

* 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms

The following symptoms may occur in case of strong exposition: Unconsciousness Cardiac arrhythmias Dyspnoea Headache Nausea

* 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor

Treat symptomatically Do not apply drugs of the adrenaline ephedrine group.

* SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

* 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Extinguishing powder Water spray jet

Unsuitable extinguishing media Carbon dioxide (CO2) Full water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products In case of fire formation of dangerous gases possible. Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide (CO2)

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* 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus and chemical protective clothing.

* Additional information

If possible, shut off gas valves and move containers to a safe location. Use water spray jet to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers. Exposure to fire may cause rupture / explosion of the containers. Do not extinguish a leaking gas flame unless absolutely necessary. Spontaneous/explosive re-ignition may occur. Extinguish any other fire. Fire residues and contaminated firefighting water must be disposed of in accordance with the local regulations.

* SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

* 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

* **For non-emergency personnel** Use personal protection equipment. Leave the danger area.

Keep people away and stay on the upwind side.

* For emergency responders

Personal protection by wearing close-fitting protective clothing and breathing apparatus. Pay attention to extension of gas especially at ground (heavier than air) and in direction of the wind. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove persons to safety.

* 6.2 Environmental precautions

If possible, stop flow of product. Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

* 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

* For containment

If necessary, secure leaky pressure receptacles using a salvage container. Prevent the liquid from spreading over a wide area (set up barriers, cover sewage systems). Limit expansion of the gas (water spray jet).

* For cleaning up

Leave to vapourize. Provide adequate ventilation.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Disposal: see section 13 Personal protection equipment: see section 8

* SECTION 7: Handling and storage

* 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Use only in well-ventilated areas. Transfer and handle product only in closed systems. Usual measures for fire prevention. Containers' temperature should not be increased above 50 °C. The working pressure in the receptacle must not exceed the saturation vapour pressure of the pure product resulting at a temperature of 50 °C. Prevent cylinders from falling over. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Ground barrels and installations. Use only antistatically equipped (spark-free) tools. Use explosion-proof machinery, apparatus, ventilation facilities, tools etc. Ensure valve protection device is correctly fitted. Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. Open valve slowly to avoid pressure shock. Do not allow backflow into the container. Entering of water into the container must be prevented. No water to valves, flanges and other fittings. Purging of pipes and valves with inert gases - to avoid: water, solvents.

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Advices on general occupational hygiene When using do not eat, drink, smoke, sniff.

When using do not eat, drink, smoke, sniff. Wash hands before breaks and after work. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

* 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels All regulations and local requirements for the storage of containers have to be respected. Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Containers' temperature should not be increased above 50 °C. Prevent cylinders from falling over. Only use containers specifically approved for the substance/product. Information on suitable materials for receptacles and valves see ISO 11114.

Storage class

2A Gases (except aerosol dispensers and lighters)

Materials to avoid

Do not store together with explosives. Do not store together with flammable liquids. Do not store together with flammable solids. Do not store together with pyrophoric and self-heating substances. Do not store together with oxidizing liquids or oxidizing solids. Do not store together with toxic liquids or toxic solids. Do not store together with infectious substances. Do not store together with radioactive material. Do not store together with food or feed.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendation

Exposure scenarios (ES) see annex to this safety data sheet.

* SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

* 8.1 Control parameters

* Occupational exposure limit values

CAS No.	EC No.	Substance name	occupational exposure limit value
75-28-5	200-857-2	iso-Butane	Short-term(ml/m³) 1000 (1) (1) 15 minutes average value (IE)

* 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Technical measures to prevent exposure Transfer and handle only in enclosed systems.

* Personal protection equipment

Eye/face protection

Protective goggles according to EN 166, in case of increased risk add protective face shield.

* Hand protection

Safety gloves according to EN 388: Chromate-free leather

* Body protection:

Safety shoes with steel toecap. Body covering work clothing or chemical resistant suit at increased risk.

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Respiratory protection

Keep self contained breathing apparatus readily available for emergency use.

Respiratory protection necessary at:

high concentrations

Respiratory protection complying with EN 137. Short term: filter apparatus, filter AX In case of rescue and maintenance activities in storage containers use environment-independent breathing apparatus because of risk of suffocation due to displacement of oxygen.

* **Thermal hazards**

Use cold-resistant protective equipment.

* **Environmental exposure controls**

Remark

Prevent release to the environment.

* SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

* 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state

Gaseous / liquefied under pressure.

Colour colourless

Odour

like: Gasoline

Safety relevant basis data

	Value	Method	Source, Remark
Odour threshold:			not determined
Melting point/freezing point	Melting point -159.42 °C		
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	-11.7 °C		
flammability			inflammable
Lower and upper explosion limit	Upper explosion limit 9.4 Vol-%		
Lower and upper explosion limit	Lower explosion limit 1.5 Vol-%		
Flash point			not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	460 °C		
Decomposition temperature			No decomposition if used as directed.
рН			not applicable
Viscosity			not applicable
Solubility(ies)	Water solubility		not determined
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	2.76		
Vapour pressure	3019 hPa (20°C)		
Density and/or relative density			not applicable
Relative vapour density	2.07		Air = 1.
particle characteristics			not applicable

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* 9.2 Other information

* Information with regard to physical hazard classes

* Gases under pressure

Safety characteristics

ValueMethod, ResultSource, RemarkCritical temperature135 °C

* Other information Vapours are heavier than air.

* SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

* 10.1 Reactivity

May form an explosive mixture with air.

* 10.2 Chemical stability

The substance is chemically stable under recommended conditions of storage, use and temperature.

* 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Acetylene

* 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat sources / heat - risk of bursting. Ignition sources, open flames, glowing metal surfaces, etc.

* 10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidising agent

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

When handled and stored appropriately, no dangerous decomposition products are known.

* SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

* Acute toxicity

* Animal data

	Effective dose	Method,Evaluation	Source, Remark
Acute oral toxicity			Study technically not feasible.
Acute dermal toxicity			Study technically not feasible.
Acute inhalation toxicity	CAS No.75-28-5 isobutane LC50: 520400 ppm Species Mouse Exposure time 2 h	LC50	

Assessment/classification

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

* Skin corrosion/irritation

* Other information

Study technically not feasible.

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* Serious eye damage/irritation

• **Other information** Study technically not feasible.

* Sensitisation to the respiratory tract

* Other information No data available

* Skin sensitisation

* **Other information** Study technically not feasible.

* Germ cell mutagenicity

	Value	Method	Result / Evaluation	Remark
In vitro mutagenicity/genotox icity		OECD 471	negative	
In vivo	Inhalation	OECD 474	negative	Analogous to a similar product.
icity	Species Rat			

Assessment/classification

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

* Carcinogenicity

*

*

* Assessment/classification No data available

* Reproductive toxicity

Animal data

	Value	Method	Result / Evaluation	Remark
Reproductive toxicity	inhalative NOAEC 3000 ppm Species Rat	OECD 422		

Assessment/classification

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

* STOT-single exposure

* STOT SE 1 and 2

Assessment/classification

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

* STOT-repeated exposure

Assessment/classification

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

* Aspiration hazard

Assessment/classification Study technically not feasible.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Additional information

The inhalation of gas / vapour in high concentrations may cause cardiac arrhythmia.

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* **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

* 12.1 Toxicity

Aquatic toxicity

	Effective dose	Method,Evaluation	Source, Remark
Acute (short-term) fish toxicity	LC50: 24.11- 147.54 mg/L Test duration 96 h	QSAR	
Chronic (long-term) fish toxicity	not determined		
Acute (short-term) toxicity to crustacea	LC50 7.02- 69.43 mg/L Test duration 96 h	QSAR	
Chronic (long-term) toxicity to aquatic invertebrate	not determined		
Acute (short-term) toxicity to algae and cyanobacteria	EC50 7.71- 16.5 mg/L	QSAR	
Chronic (long-term) toxicity to aquatic algae and cyanobacteria	not determined		
Toxicity to other aquatic plants/organisms	not determined		
Toxicity to microorganisms	not determined		

* 12.2 Persistence and degradability

	Value	Method	Source, Remark
Biodegradation	Degradation rate 100 % Test duration 385.5 h		CAS No.75-28-5 isobutane

* 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Assessment/classification

Based on the n-octanol/water partition coefficient accumulation in organisms is not expected.

* 12.4 Mobility in soil

*

Assessment/classification No data available

* 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance does not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria of REACH, Annex XIII.

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* 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

	Effective dose	Method, Evaluation	Source, Remark
Endocrine disrupting properties			See section 2.3
* 12.7 Other adverse effects			
	Value	Method	Source, Remark

Global warming potential (GWP)

* SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

* 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste codes/waste designations according to EWC/AVV

Waste code product	Waste name
160504 *	gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances

Appropriate disposal / Product Waste disposal according to directive 2008/98/EC, covering waste and dangerous waste. Disposal according to local regulations.

Prevent release to the environment. No disposal via the sewage.

Appropriate disposal / Package

Transportable pressure equipment (empty, residual pressure): Return to supplier / manufacturer.

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* SECTION 14: Transport information

	Land transport (ADR/RID)	Sea transport (IMDG)	Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA- DGR)
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN 1969	UN 1969	UN 1969
14.2 UN proper shipping name	ISOBUTANE	ISOBUTANE	Isobutane
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No	No	No

14.6 Special precautions for user

The protective measures listed in Sections 6, 7 and 8 of the Safety Data Sheet have to be considered.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No carriage in bulk.

Land transport (ADR/RID)

UN number or ID number	UN 1969
UN proper shipping name	ISOBUTANE
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1
Hazard label(s)	2.1
Classification code	2F
Packing group	-
Environmental hazards	No
Limited quantity (LQ)	0
Special provisions	392, 657, 662, 674
Tunnel restriction code	B/D

* Sea transport (IMDG)

UN number or ID number	UN 1969
UN proper shipping name	ISOBUTANE
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1
Packing group	-
Environmental hazards	No
Limited quantity (LQ)	0
Marine pollutant	No
EmS	F-D, S-U

* Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)

UN number or ID number	UN 1969
UN proper shipping name	Isobutane
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1
Packing group	-
Environmental hazards	No

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* **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

* 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU legislation

Restrictions of occupation

Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers. Observe restrictions to employment for juvenils according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC).

* Other regulations (EU)

To follow:

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (RĚACH), Ànnéx XVII No 40. Directive 2012/18/EU on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances. National and local regulations concerning chemicals shall be observed.

Directive 2010/75/EU on industrial emissions [Industrial Emissions Directive] VOC VOC-value ≥ 95 %

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

National regulations

For this substance a chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

* SECTION 16: Other information

Key literature references and sources for data Information from our suppliers and data from the "GESTIS Substances Database" and the "Registered Substances" database of the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) were used to create this safety data sheet.

Additional information

The information contained herein is based on the state of our knowledge. It characterizes the product with regard to the appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent a guarantee of the properties of the product.

Relevant H- and EUH-phrases (Number and full text)

H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Indication of changes

Data changed compared with the previous version

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ANNEX

Exposure scenarios according to Regulation REACH CE n. 1907/2006

Substance:	Isobutane
EC number:	200-857-2
CAS number:	75-28-5

0. Background	2
1. Uses	
1.1. Identified uses	2
1.2. Uses advised against	
2. Exposure assessment	11
3. Risk characterization	11
4. Guidance how the DU can evaluate whether he operates within the conditions set in the	e exposure
scenarios	
4.1. Workers	

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Short description of exposure scenarios

0. Background

Isobutane is classified as hazardous to safety. In particular, the following selfacation has been established in accordance with CLP Regulation:

- Flam. Gas 1 H220 (Extremely flammable gas)
- Gases under pressure H280 (Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated)

According to Article 14 of REACH Regulation, the risk assessment and the geneicant of exposure scenario were performed for flammability; by contrast, the hazard class "gas under pressure" does not require neither the risk assessment nor the generation of scenarios.

1. Uses

1.1. Identified uses

The overall identified uses of the substance are listed in the following Table:

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Brief description of exposure scenarios with relative use descriptors and life cycle phases

Number (ES)	Brief description of use process	Product Category (PC)	Manufacture	Formulation	Uses at industrial sites	Uses by professional workers	Consumer uses	Article service life	Sector of use (SU)	Process Category (PROC)	Article Category (AC)	Environmental Release Category (ERC)
1	Manufacture of substance	-	x	-	x	-	-	-	3, 4, 8, 9, 10, 12, 24	1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8a, 8b, 9, 12, 14, 15	-	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8a, 9a, 10a, 11a
2	Distribution of substance	-	-	-	x	-	-	-	3, 4, 8, 9, 10, 12, 24	1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8a, 8b, 9, 12, 14, 15	-	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8a, 8c, 8d, 9a, 10a, 11a
3	Propellants	-	-	-	x	-	-	-	3, 4, 10	3, 7, 9	-	2, 8a, 8d
4	Use as a fuel	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	3	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 16	-	7
5	Blowing agents	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	3, 4, 12	1, 2, 3, 4, 8b, 9, 12, 14	-	3, 4, 5

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Number (ES)	Brief description of use process	Product Category (PC)	Manufacture	Formulation	Uses at industrial sites	Uses by professional workers	Consumer uses	Article service life	Sector of use (SU)	Process Category (PROC)	Article Category (AC)	Environmental Release Category (ERC)
6	Formulation and (re)-packaging of substances and mixtures	-	-	x	-	-	-	-	3, 10	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8a, 8b, 9, 14, 15	-	2
7	Polymer production	-	-	-	x	-	-	-	3, 8, 9, 10	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 16	-	4, 6c
8	Polymer processing	-	-	-	x	-	-	-	3, 10	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8a, 8b, 9, 13, 14	-	4
9	Functional fluids	-	-	-	x	-	-	-	3	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 9	-	7
10	Use as an intermediate	-		-	-	X	-	-	-	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2, 4, 15	- 6a
11	Use in adhesives	-		-	-	х	-	-	-	- 7		- 4
12	Use in laboratories	-		-	-	х	-	-	-	3 10)	- 2,4
13	Metal working fluids/rolling oils	-		-	-	x	-	-	-	1, 2 3, 4 5, 7 3 8a 8b, 10 13,	2, 4, 7, 9, 17	- 4

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Number (ES)	Brief description of use process	Product Category (PC)	Manufacture Formulation	Uses at industrial sites	Uses by professional workers	Consumer uses	Article service life	Sector of use (SU)		Process Category (PROC)	Article Category (AC)	Environmental Release Category (ERC)
14	Mining chemicals	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	3	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8a, 8b, 9		- 4
15	Rubber production and processing	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	10, 3	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8a, 8b, 9, 13, 14, 15, 21		1, - 4, 6d
16	Use as binders and release agents	-	-	-	x	-	-	-	3	1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8b, 10, 13, 14		- 4
17	Industrial use in coatings/primers	-	-	-	x	-	-	-	-	7		- 4
18	Foaming agent	1, 9a, 9b, 26	-	-	X	-	-	-	5, 6b, 7, 9, 11, 12, 13, 19, 24	1,5, 8b, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 24		- 5
19	Use in Oil and Gas field drilling and production operations	-	-	-	x	-	-	-	3	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b		- 4

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Number (ES)	Brief description of use process	Product Category (PC)	Manufacture	Formulation	Uses at industrial sites	Uses by professional workers	Consumer uses	Article service life	Sector of use (SU)		Process Category (PROC)	Article Category (AC)	; ; ; ;	Environmental Kelease Category (ERC)
20	Water treatment chemicals	-		-	-	X	-	-	-	3	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 1	3	-	3, 4
21	Use in cleaning agents	-		-	-	x	-	-	-	3	1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8a 8b, 10, 1	3	-	4
22	Use as a fuel	-	-	-	-	x	-	-	22		1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 16	-		9a, 9b
23	Propellants	-	-	-	-	x	-	-	22		11	-		8a, 8d
24	Polymer processing	-	-	-	-	x	-	-	22		1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8a, 8b, 14, 21	-		8a
25	Functional fluids	-	-	-	-	x	-	-	22		1, 2, 3, 8a, 9, 20	-		9a, 9b
26	De-icing and anti-icing applications	-		-	-	-	X	-	-	22	1, 2, 8a, 8b, 1	1	-	8d
27	Road and construction applications	-		-	-	-	X	-	-	22	8a, 8b, 9 10, 11, 1	, 3	-	8d, 8f
28	Use in adhesives	-		-	-	-	x	-	-	22	11		-	8a, 8d

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Number (ES)	Brief description of use process	Product Category (PC)	Manufacture	Formulation	Uses at industrial sites	Uses by professional workers	Consumer uses	Article service life	Sector of use (SU)		Process Category (PROC)	Article Category (AC)	Environmental Release Category	(ERC)
29	Use in cleaning agents	-		-	-	-	x	-	-	22	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 10, 11, 13	3	-	8a, 8d
30	Water treatment chemicals	-		-	-	-	x	-	-	22	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 13	3	-	8f
31	Explosives manufacture & use	-		-	-	-	x	-	-	22	1, 3, 5, 8a 8b	, .	-	8e
32	Use in Agrochemicals	-		-	-	-	x	-	-	22	1, 2, 4, 8a 8b, 11, 13	, . 3	-	8a, 8d
33	Metal working fluids/rolling oils	-		-	-	-	X	-	-	22	1, 2, 3, 5, 8a, 8b, 9 10, 11, 13, 1	, . 7	-	8a, 8d
34	Use in Oil and Gas field drilling and production operations	-		-	-	-	x	-	-	22	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 81	,	-	8d
35	Use as binders and release agents	-		-	-	-	x	-	-	22	1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8a 8b, 10, 11, 14	, . 1	-	8a, 8d

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Number (ES)	Brief description of use process	Product Category (PC)	Manufacture Formulation	Uses at industrial sites	Uses by professional workers	Consumer uses	Article service life	Sector of use (SU)		Process Category (PROC)	Article Category (AC)	Environmental Release Category (ERC)
36	Lubricants	-	-	-	-	х	-	-	22	1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8a 8b,9 10, 11, 13, 17, 18, 20	, , 0	8a, 8d, 9a, 9b
37	Industrial use in coatings/primers	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	11		- 8a, 8d
38	Foaming agent	9a, 9b, 26	-	-	-	x	-	-	5, 9, 11, 19	1, 5, 8b, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 2-	4	- 8a
39	Use as a fuel	13		-	-	х	-	21	l	-	-	9a, 9b

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Number (ES)	Brief description of use process	Product Category (PC)	Manufacture	Formulation	Uses at industrial sites	Uses by professional workers	Consumer uses	Article service life	Sector of use (SU)	Process Category (PROC)	Article Category (AC)	Environmental Release Category (ERC)
40	Propellants	1, 3, 4, 6, 8, 9a, 12, 23, 24, 25, 28, 29, 31, 32, 34, 35, 39	_	_	_	_	x	-	21	-	_	8a, 8d, 9a, 10a
41	Functional fluids	21	-	-	-	-	х	-	21	-	-	9a, 9b
42	Blowing agents	32	-	-	-	-	х	-	21	-	-	10a,11a
43	Use in cosmetic products	28, 39	-	-	-	-	x	-	21	-	-	8a
44	Water treatment chemicals	36, 37	-	-	-	-	x	-	21	-	-	8f
45	Use in Agrochemicals	12, 27	-	-	-	-	x	-	21	-	-	8a, 8d
46	Foaming agent	9a, 9b, 26	-	-	-	-	x	-	21	-	-	8a, 8b
47	Lubricants	1, 24, 31	-	-	-	-	x	-	21	-	-	8a, 8b, 9a, 9b

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Number (ES)	Brief description of use process	Product Category (PC)	Manufacture	Formulation	Uses at industrial sites	Uses by professional workers	Consumer uses	Article service life	Sector of use (SU)	Process Category (PROC)	Article Category (AC)	Environmental Release Category (ERC)
48	Use in cleaning agents	3, 4, 8, 9a, 9b, 9c, 24, 35, 38	_	_	_	_	x	-	21	_	_	8a, 8d
49	Other Consumer Uses	28, 39	-	-	-	-	x	-	21	-	-	8a, 8d
50	Use in biocidal products	-	-	-	-	-	x	-	-	-	-	8a, 8d
51	Uses in coatings	1, 4, 8, 9a, 9b, 9c, 15, 18, 23, 24, 31, 34	-	-	_	-	x	-	21	-	-	8a, 8d
52	De-icing and anti- icing applications	4	-	-	-	-	x	-	21	-	-	8d

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1.2. Uses advised against

Other uses are not recommended unless an assessment is completed, prior to commence**en**t of that use, which demonstrates that the risk will be controlled.

2. Exposure assessment

In the Chemical Safety Assessment (CSA) carried out according to Ahra(3) of REACH Regulation and referring to Annex I section 1-3 (human health hazard, physico-chemical hazard assessment and environmental hazard assessment) and section 4 (PBT/vPvB assessment) to Regulation it was not detected any hazard.

The substance, as well as the other members of the same category, is not classified for human health or the environment, is not a CMR and is not PBT or vPvB. Therefore,utimetitative human and environmental exposure assessment was not performed. A qualitative appach was used in order to define the operational conditions that ensure the control of risks ted to physical hazards (flammability).

3. Risk characterization

The substance, as well as the other members of the same category, is not classified for human health or the environment, is not a CMR and is not PBT or vPvB. Therefore, the calc**ulsk**ion of characterization ratios (RCR) was not performed. A qualitative approach was used in order to define the operational conditions that ensure the control of risks related to physical hazards (flammability), as described below.

The accident scenarios relevant for REACH are minor accidents which night occur in the workplace and those related to consumer use. Major accidents caused by chemicals and their equation of manage these risks are regulated under the Seveso II Directive and do not need to be considered.

Risks from the physicochemical hazards of substances can be controlled **bylementing** risk management measures tailored to each specific risk. These measures needotbe implemented to control the risks and to show that safe use can be accomplished; moreover, safy data sheets should be made available in which **thpp**ropriate risk management measures are identified and communicated.

For flammable substances the organizational and technical measures listed in Table 1 should be taken to avoid ignition of flammable substances. These measures are suitable to preventioniaccidents which might occur at the workplace or during consumer use. Larger facilitis manufacturing or using substances with flammable properties in significant quantities shouldlow the ATEX Directive (94/9/EC and 99/92/EC) to control risks gristrom flammable substances and explosive atmospheres.

Based on the implementation of a selection of handling and storage risk management measures for the identified uses, it is possible to conclude that there is no immediate concern as the risk is controlled to an acceptable level.

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The exposure scenario attached are referred to the substance Isobutane in a gaseous state at standard pressure and temperature.

Table 1. Risk management measures for liquid materials

Hazard	Risk / Hazard	P Phrase	Qualitative Risk Assessment
	Phrase		
Extremely	R12 / H224	Prevention	Substance Handling and Transfer Preventative Measures
Flammable	(Extremely	• P210	
	flammable liquid	Keep away from heat/sparks/open	Industrial uses
	and vapour)	flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.	 Avoid splash filling (N/A for gases).
		• P233	•
		Keep container tightly closed.	
		• P240	 Electrostatic charges may be generated during pumping.
		Ground/bond container and receiving	 Electrostatic discharge may cause fire.
		equipment.	• Restrict line velocity during pumping in order to avoid generation of
		• P241	electrostatic discharge (< 1m.sec-1 until fill pipe submerged to twice
		Use explosion-proof	its diameter, then < 7 m.sec-1).
		electrical/ventilating/lighting//equipment	• Restrict line velocity during pumping in order to avoid generation of
			electrostatic discharge (<10m.sec-1).
		• P242	• The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and distant
		Use only non-sparking tools.	ignition is possible.
		• P243	• If positive displacement pumps are used, these must be fitted with a
		Take precautionary measures against static	non-integral pressure relief valve.
		discharge.	• Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting and other
		• P280	equipment.
		Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face	 Use appropriate equipment for filling IBCs and other containers.
		protection.	 IBCs and other containers must be constructed ropriapp
			material.
		Response	• Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all
		• P303 + P361 + P353	equipment.
		IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off	 Keep away from oxidising agents.

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Hazard	Risk / Hazard	P Phrase	Qualitative Risk Assessment
	Phrase		
		 immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. P370 + P378 In case of fire: use water spray, water fog or foam, dry powder or CO₂ for extinction. 	 Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition sources. Avoid sparks. Handle and open container with care in a well-ventilated area. Avoid overfilling. Do NOT empty into drains.
		 Storage P403 + P235 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool. P501 Dispose of contents/container as special waste. 	 Professional uses Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment. Keep away from oxidising agents. Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition sources. Avoid sparks. Handle and open container with care in a well-ventilated area. Avoid overfilling. Do NOT empty into drains.
			 Consumer uses Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not puncture or incinerate container. Empty pressure vessels should be returned to the supplier.
			Storage
			 Must be stored in a dike (bunded) and well-ventilated area, away from sunlight, ignition sources and other sources of heat. Storage temperature: ambient. Keep away from flames, sources of ignition and hot surfaces. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

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Hazard	Risk / Hazard	P Phrase	Qualitative Risk Assessment
	Phrase		
			• Keep container in a well-ventilated place.
			Keep container tightly closed.
*** * *	D 1 1 / 1100 1	D	
Highly	R11 / H224	Prevention	Substance Handling and Transfer Preventative Measures
Flammable	(Extremely	• P210	
	flammable	Keep away from heat/sparks/open	Industrial uses
	liquid and vapour)	flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.	• Avoid splash filling (N/A for gases).
	R11 / H225	• P233	• Do NOT use compressed air for filling, discharging or handling
	(Highly flammable	Keep container tightly closed.	operations.
	liquid and vapour)	• P240	Electrostatic charges may be generated during pumping.
		Ground/bond container and receiving	Electrostatic discharge may cause fire.
		equipment.	• Restrict line velocity during pumping in order to avoid generation of
		• P241	electrostatic discharge (< Im.sec-1 until fill pipe submerged to twice
		Use explosion-proof	Its diameter, then $< /m.sec-1$).
		electrical/ventilating/lighting//equipment	• Restrict line velocity during pumping in order to avoid generation of electrostatic discharge (<10m.sec-1).
		• P242	• The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and distant
		Use only non-sparking tools.	ignition is possible.
		• P243	• If positive displacement pumps are used, these must be fitted with a
		Take precautionary measures against static	non-integral pressure relief valve.
		discharge.	• Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting and other
		• P280	equipment.
		Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face	 Use appropriate equipment for filling IBCs and other containers.
		protection.	- IBCs and other containers must be constructed of appropriate
			material.
		Response	Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all
		• P303 + P361 + P353	equipment.
		IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off	 Keep away from oxidising agents.
		immediately all contaminated clothing.	• Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition
		Rinse skin with water/shower.	sources. Avoid sparks.

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Hazard	Risk / Hazard Phrase	P Phrase	Qualitative Risk Assessment
		 P370 + P378 In case of fire: use water spray, water fog or foam, dry powder or CO₂ for extinction. 	 Handle and open container with care in a well-ventilated area. Avoid overfilling. Do NOT empty into drains.
		 Storage P403 + P235 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool. P501 Dispose of contents/container as special waste. 	 Professional uses Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment. Keep away from oxidising agents. Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition sources. Avoid sparks. Handle and open container with care in a well-ventilated area. Avoid overfilling. Do NOT empty into drains.
			 Consumer uses Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid all possible sources of ignition. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Empty pressure vessels should be returned to the supplier.
			 Storage Must be stored in a dike (bunded) and well-ventilated area, away from sunlight, ignition sources and other sources of heat. Storage temperature: ambient. Keep away from flames, sources of ignition and hot surfaces. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Keep container in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

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4. Guidance how the DU can evaluate whet her he operates within the conditions set in the exposure scenarios

4.1. Workers

The risk assessment for the flammability was performed in a qualitative way. As a result, some operative conditions (OC) and risk management measures (RMM) required to control the identified risks.

Since these OCs and RMMs are applicable also on a small scale (i.e. by industries, professional users), it is recommended to operate according to them and to avoid significant **densiat** which could downgrade the safety.